

**MATH 42  
MIDTERM 1  
20 FEBRUARY 2015**

Name : \_\_\_\_\_

- The time limit is 50 minutes.
- No calculators or notes are permitted.
- Each problem is worth 5 points.

<b>1</b>	/5	<b>2</b>	/5
<b>3</b>	/5	<b>4</b>	/5
<b>5</b>	/5	<b>6</b>	/5
$\Sigma$			/30

- (1) Find all prime numbers  $p$  between 1 and 100 such that
- $$p \equiv -1 \pmod{15}.$$

- (2) Recall that a *primitive Pythagorean triple* consists of three positive integers  $(a, b, c)$  such that
- $a^2 + b^2 = c^2$ , and
  - there are no common factors of  $a, b$  and  $c$ .
- Find a primitive Pythagorean triple such that  $a = 15$ .

(3) Compute the greatest common divisor of 1106 and 203.

(4) Solve the following congruence.

$$28x \equiv 3 \pmod{149}$$

- (5) Suppose that  $a, b, c$  are positive integers such that  $\gcd(a, b) = 1$ .  
Prove that if  $a$  divides  $bc$ , then  $a$  divides  $c$ .

- (6) Suppose that you enter a store carrying a large supply of 6 dollar coins. The shopkeeper is able to make change using 28 dollar coins and 63 dollar coins. Find a way that you can purchase a 1 dollar item.

For partial credit, you may first assume that both you and the shopkeeper have a large supply of all three types of coins (6, 28, and 63) and solve the problem in this context.

(additional space for work)